MALES OF ACCORDED

Abolitioulzing the Scriptures. We suppose that when all sin is banishe from the world, and the beast with the sever heads and ten horns is cast into the bottomless pit, and the New Jerusalem begins, the equences of sin will also be removed. Then all men will be born free and equal just as they now are in the Chicago Platform Then Ham's sin toward the be-fuddled Noah, having been expatiated, the race will be relieved from servitude and that uniformity in our domestic institutions will be established, which, Mr. Douglac says, will be fatal to the nation; and which, the Republicans say, will keep up an irrepressible conflict until it is established, or at least until a Repubican President shall be elected. Theu, doubsless, the color of mankind will be uniform; and, of course, white, for the superior race will force its complexion on the inferior. It is doing that now; which shows that our instinctive prejudice against the black race is mitigating their color; and will finally erad-

But while we have this humble faith, we have no disposition to hurry up this consummation by breaking down the Scriptures in order to abolish slavery. Society has existed for a long time with slavery, and it had better endure it than to attempt to get along without the Bible. The French tried that once, and what came of it? Do we not read in all the good histories that they set up a fair and frail woman, and worshiped her as the godden of Reason? Those who trust to human reason can see what it comes to.

We find in the New York Independent notice of Rev. Mr. Thayer's Tules from the Bible. It seems that in the book Mr. Thaver took the Scriptural and orthodox ground that the Africans are enslaved in fulfillment of Nosh's malediction upon Ham; and the editor says "he did this without one protest against the wickedness of those who reduce the African race to slavery." It would be singular to call an act wicked which is indispensable to carry out divine purposes. The editor says:

"Dr. Keith treats African slavery as an evidence of fulfilled prophesy, but he argues that the prophetic curse affords no justification for the enslaver."

This the editor seems to think the true ground. But the American Tract Society, which has devoted much attention to the dissemination of correct views on slavery, has stricken out so much of Dr. Keith's work that it can not be regarded as authority any

The Independent says:

"We have shown repeatedly that it is doubtful whether there is an element of prophesy in Noah's malediction upon Canaan; that the curse was specifically limited to Canaan, that if it is regarded as prophetic, it was evidently fulfilled upon the Canaanites."

The comments of the editor brought out Mr. Thayer in the following, which the editor calls "a manly correction," and "highly

honorable to him as a man and a scholar":

"In your notice of my humble volume, Tales from the Bible, you call attention to the fact that I make the 'curse of Canaan fall upon the whole race of Ham. Allow me to say that I used Canaan elliptically for his father, as it is rendered in the Septuagint translation, which many Biblical scholars consider very high authority. I confess, however, that I never gave the subject a thorough examination until since I read your criticism. I have now completed as critical an examination of it as I am able, and am satisfied that the more modern view is the an examination of it as I am able, and an estained that the more modern view is the correct one, viz: that the curse was pronounced upon Canaan because God designed that it should fall upon his branch of the family alone, who settled in Palestine; consequently I shall make the second edition of ay book, which is just going to press, con-orm to this opinion."

Upon this the editor plumes himself, and

says: "If the press is faithful, authors and publishers will soon understand that proslavery books can not find a market;"-as if newspapers had only to stir themselves, and they could make the Scriptures to suit any body. If the operation of Noah's malediction is reduced to one of Ham's sons, perhaps, if the press is a little more faithful, it can take it off altogether. Why should God design that it should fall upon Cannan alone It was Ham that committed the irreverence, and Ham had three sons, of whom Canaa was the youngest. No rule was more strict than that of primogeniture. If the curse had been restricted to one of Ham's sons, it was the birthright of the eldest.

It will not do to say that Noah was in such a condition that he did not know what he was about, and, as people will do in that condition, cursed indiscriminately. This, if it had any weight at all, would invalidate the whole curse. Both the Independent and Mr-Thaver admit that it lighted upon Canaan, yet they seem to think that, in order to vindicate God's justice, they must hold that two of Ham's sons escaped the curse, and it lighted on the youngest. If it would have been unjust in all, it was in one; and if we can make over the Scripture in this way to suit our own notions, how long before we will banish it altogether, and then we shall do as they did in France.

The Place for Anti-Slavery Men. It seems to be considerable difficulty to find out the position of the Republican party on the question of the extension of Slavery, from the Republican and quasi-Republican papers of this town. The Commercial is free in expounding what these principles are not, but refers to the Gazette to state what they are; whereupon the Gazette sticks back its ears, takes a straight shute for the Chicago Platform, and refuses to know any thing outside of that, or to know what that means The submissive faith with which a Democrat of '56 pointed to the Cincinnati Platform, is quite outdone by the blind faith of the Gazette in the seventeen articles of the Chicago Con-

The Commercial seems to be at sea without compass or stars. One day it impugns the integrity of the Bell-Everett call, because M D. Conway is among the signatures, who, the Commercial says, is a straight-out John Brown anti-slavery man, and therefore he can not choose but vote for Lincoln and Hamlin. The next day it came out with a vigorous article demolishing J. Barnwell Rhett, of South Carolina, for calling Lincoln

and Hamlin anti-slavery men. If Lincoln and Hamlin are not anti-slavery

Country, as to suppose any change in the onservative views of Mr. Everett, therefore, when we have the record of his political life, we have the declaration of his present and his future sentiments.

In 1839, Hon. N. Borden, of Massachusetts propounded certain interrogatories to Mr. Everett, in regard to his political views, to which he responded that he was in favor of the immediate abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and of the slave-trade between the States, and was opposed to the admission of any new States with Constitutions permitting slavery. He also referred to several resolutions, which, when Governor, he had co-operated in passing, and which declare the same things, with the addition that "Congress has, by the Constitution, power to abolish slavery in the Territories of the United

If M. D. Conway is such a radical antislavery man as the Commercial says, and Lincoln and Hamlin are not anti-slavery men, as it says, where could Mr. Conway go but to the Bell-Everett party, the only representative of the anti-slavery sentiment of the

country? Perhaps we should remark, in order to leave Mr. Conway at liberty to choose his company, that it has been explained by an evening paper that the name-M. D. Conway-should have had another initial, the error having occurred in transcribing a large number of names.

Our Philanthropy. There are strange stories current about the

apparent fatality which seems to have carried off over two hundred of the liberated Africans at Key West. People say that the solemn ceremony of taking a coffin out to sea, and throwing it overboard, is a symbolic figure, denoting that an African has disappeared into the interior some where; an has become an institution. The fatality reported from there seemed remarkable. That under the best of care, and apparently happy the Africans should take to dving off more rapidly than on the middle passage, showed a very reprobate disposition; but it is agreat comfort to think that although dead to us, and to the Government, these Africans still live in a useful capacity, among Christian people. How much better this is, than if they had died, or returned to their native land, ignorant of the way of salvation!

The Montgomery (Ala.) Mail relates that a few persons from that place and Charleston fitted out an expedition for Key West, "for the purpose of liberating some of the healthy negroes there under charge of the United States Marshal;" but owing to some accident to the steamer which was to join them, the humane project failed. Very likely Satan, who always goeth about seeking to devour, raised a squall and blew the steamer off the coast, to prevent these heathens being brought within Christian influence, and their souls rescued from his clutches.

It is to be hoped that some means may ye be successful in spatching these Africans from the wretched fate to which the Government has doomed them. It is unaccountable that the Republican sentiment is not aroused in this matter. By their professions, it would appear that nothing is so sacred with them as slavery where it is; but our Government seizes cargoes of slaves, fairly purchased where slavery is an existing institution, and robs the owners of their property, and yet no protest is heard from the Republican party.

These negroes were held by as good a title as any negro in the slave States is held. The Republicans profess to have no intention to abolish slavery where it exists; yet the Government intervenes, with its navy, to abolish slavery where it existed, and the Republicans uphold it. What reason has the South to suppose that they will not extend the same policy to it, if they get the

The people of the South have just as good right to take these negroes from the Government, as the Government had to take them from their owners; far better, for the wrong-doer acquires no rights. If the Government had a right to take these slaves from their rightful owners and set them free, then there are no rights of property in slaves any where, and abolition is the supreme law of the land.

Three hundred and fifty of these captured negroes have been shipped for Africa. Correspondents say they went reluctant and weeping, and would not have gone but for ompulsion. They go to Liberia, where they will be sold for a specified time for their support. What will become of them then we know not. The beginning does not promiswell. A year or two ago much noise was made about the shipment of a cargo of negroes from there to the West Indies, after the coolie system. Some thought that it hardly paid to send Africans back, at such a

cost, to be re-exported. This is the end of our philanthropy. For this we create the horrors of the middle pas sage, which would have no existence but for the attempt to suppress the trade, and to punish it as piracy. If negroes could be transported as freely as cattle, they would be as well taken care of, and no shipper would lose property by want of care, which was increasing in value every day of the voyage. For this we ruin all legitimate commerce with the African Coast, by the vigilance, sus picion and detention from our and the British cruisers, and make hopeless any prospect of stimulating any African industry at home. which might make men too valuable for export.

We seize these wretches on the high seas, emaciated and diseased on account of our philanthrophy; we rob owners who hold them by just as good a right as any slaves are held in our own country; and then we are afraid to do them any good. We gratuitously vindicate their right to freedom, but we dare not set them free. To return them We seize these wretches on the high seas to their own country would be merely to return them to the trader for a new venture, and perhaps a new recapture. We dare not apprentice them here, although they would greatly prefer that; so we put them out of our sight by sending them to Liberia, to their great grief, and having them sold out for a term of years there, to become vagabonds, or relapse into barbarism at the end of the term. and probably into slavery again. This we call philanthropy, and are paying a vast amount of money for it every year, and but short time ago Senator Wilson and Seward and others wanted to build ten steamer

men, where can a radical John Brown Abolitionist go, except to the Bell-Everstt party? There is nothing that Mr. Everett worships more than ancient customs and opinions. He deprecates the modern tendencies of parties to the entreme views, resulting in sectionalism. We might as soon expect a change in the hight of the monument which a grateful posterity is building to the Father of his a westerly direction.

more, especially for the African service.

The Proposed Water-Works.

indorsed by responsible men, and which proposes to supply the absolute necessity of new water-works, is worthy of attention and investigation. The consumption of water is constantly so near the capacity for supply, that any accident to the works threatens great calamity to the city. This is constantly impending, and it is the duty of the representatives of the city to secure some safer pro

It may be taken for granted that no projec will be adopted without a thorough examina tion, and survey and estimates by engineers experienced in such constructions, and by public exhibit of the result. One such per formance as the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad subscription is enough for one generaion, and any project so extensive as new water-works for this city, will have to be carried on its merits, and by the interest of the people in it, instead of making it the interest of members of the City Council.

As we remarked, any project which come ndorsed by substantial citizens, deserves examination. The tunnel project deserves and demands this, unless the Council have a better one to propose. Our city is not so poor that t can not afford to have the survey made, so ong as it can squib off \$1,000 in gunpowder for patriotism. A proper survey, such as only should be made the basis of final action, either for or against the project, will take time. Large and wise bodies, like City Counells, move slow, and this is a work requiring deliberation. Therefore, the sooner the examination is begun, the sooner the people will know whether we have a plan offered that is what we want. If not, it is time that we were looking for another.

## The Latest News BY TELEGRAPH TO THE DAILY PRESS.

Prom New York.

New York, July 17.—The Times Washington correspondent says that the new French Minister's first official communication to the State Department was the announce nent that France and England had declared war against China, giving assurance the neutral goods, excepting contraband, would The World's correspondent says Senator

The World's correspondent says Senator Clingman has written a letter declining to support Douglas.

John Morrissey publishes a challenge to Heenan, offering to fight him in four months, for from \$10 to \$10,000.

Nearly 6,000 persons visited the Great Eastern yesterday. The Chicago Zounves visit her on Wednesday, by invitation, and will perform drill movements on her deck.

Postmaster-General Holt gave notice, yesterday, that all avenues, streets, lanes, &c., in New York, are post-roads. All private letter-carriers are ordered to be suppressed after the first of August.

in New York, are post-roads. All private letter-carriers are ordered to be suppressed after the first of August.

Thirty-three dwelling-houses were burned yesterday, in Washington-street, occupied by lorty-three families. Loss, \$20,000.

The meeting last evening in Union-square, of Fillmore and conservative men, who are in favor of Lincoln and Hamlin, was very large and enthusiastic. Ex-Judge William Mitchell presided.

Speeches were made by Horace Greeley.

Mitchell presided.

Speeches were made by Horace Greeley,
Rufus Andrews and Daniel Ullman, and letters were read from Roger S. Baldwin, of
Connecticut, Jas. J. Putnam, of Chatauqua,
Hon. Truman Smith, and others.

Hen. Truman Smith, and others.
Resolutions indorsing Lincoln and Hamlin were passed unanimously.
A dispatch to the Tribune says Mr. McLane's return from Mexico, doubtless, iooks to his withdrawal from the mission, as there is no immediate prospect of such change in Mexican affairs as may demand his attention. Three cases of sun-stroke occurred yester

day. An old lady named Mrs. Isabelia Bunting was run over and killed on Hudson-street

to-day.

A negro boy eleven years old, belonging to Mr. Luther Roll, of Augusta, Ga., temporarily sojourning at the City Hotel in Newark, N. J., mysteriously disappeared about ten o'clock to-day, while the family were at dinner. It is supposed he has been smuggled away by Aboltionists.

From Washington. Washington, July 17.—A copy of the British Order in Council, relative to the war in China, though dated early in March last, has just been officially communicated to the War Department.

A notice to the same effect has been received from the French Government from

ceived from the French Government, from which it appears that Victoria and Napoleon intend and desire to act, during the hostili-ties, in strict conformity with the declaration ties, in strict conformity with the deciaration of the European Congress, at Paris, April, 1856, respecting maritime rights.

They undertake to extend the declaration, that the flag of a neutral power shall cover the enemy's goods, with the exception of contraband of war, to all powers which may be neutral in the hostilities.

The Public Printers are relieved by the decision of Attorney-General Black who

decision of Attorney-General Black who declares that the law reducing prices of printing 40 per cent. is not retroactive. The Light Infantry Battalion of Washing ton are making preparations to receive Chicago Zonaves.

Later from Mexico.

New Orleans, July 16.—The United States steamer Brooklyn, from Vera Cruz, on the 11th inst., landed Minister McLane at Mobile yesterday, who proceeded to Washington.

Mexican affairs were unchanged.

Miramon had been defeated by Ogasson at Guadalajara, and at the last accounts was at Lagos, endeavoring to return to the central

Lagos, endeavoring to return to the capital. The foreign Ministers had refused to recognize his government. The Steamers Teutonia and Connaught.

Sr. Joan's, July 16.—A barque-rigged, screw-steamer, doubtless the Teutonia from Hamburg, via Southampton, on the 4th inst., for New York, passed Cape Race at half-past two o'clock yesterday (Sunday) morning. She made in from the South about six miles, but would not stop and no communication. but would not stop, and no communication was had with her. The Connaught, The Connaught, from Galway, on the 10th, is expected to-day.

Sporting Intelligence. PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—The race between "Flora Temple" and "George M. Patchen," advertised for Thursday at the Point Breeze Park Track will not take place. A \$1,200 purse was raised for the winning horse, but the owner of "Patchen" refuses to trot unless he receives \$1,000 win or loss. he receives \$1,000, win or lose.

Lackosse, Wis., July 17.—Jacob Reeder, who murdered his sister-in-law and mother-in-law, at Brownsville, Minn., on the 10th inst., committed suicide yesterday, by shooting himself. He had been secreted in the vicinity ever since the murder.

Destructive Fire in Dallas, Texas. NEW ORLEANS, July 17.— Thirty-three buildings, comprising the best portion of the town of Dallas, Texas, were burned on the 7th inst. Loss between three and four hundred thousand dollars—barely insured.

Death of an Old Citizen.

DATTON, July 17.—Dr. Job Haines, an early settler of Dayton and one of its must respectable physicians, was found dead in his room this morning. It is supposed his death was caused by diverse of the heart

ALBANY, July 17.—Senator Douglas will arrive here on Friday. The General Com-mittee and Club of Little Giants are making

urations to give him a recept Indianapolis, July 17.—The Democratic envention of the Sixth Congressional Dis-rict, which met here to-day, nominated tobert L. Walpole for Congress.

Woncestran, Mass., July 17.—Douglas ar-rived here at three o clock this afternoon and was greeted by an immense crowd of people. A salute was fired from the open space, south of the depot, under the direction of Adjutant Studies. Studiey. A temporary platform was erected within a few feet of the cars, from which Mr. Douglas was introduced to the multitude by Hon. Issue Davis, who, with a few other friends, had met him at Junction Depot and accompanied him to the depot, on Washing-

ton-square.

Mr. Douglas spoke about eight minutes
The wildest enthusiasm prevailed, and as the
train left the depot the crowd followed for
some distance, cheering and swinging their

Washington, July 17.—The resolutions of the National Democratic Volunteers of New York, adopting President Buchanan's speech at the Breckinridge ratification meeting as an expression of their own views, were pre-sented to him resterday, by Isaac Lawrence, associate editor of the Democratic Quarterly

Revier.

To-day the President acknowledged their receipt by a letter, in which he, beyond a grateful expression of his thanks, speaks of himself as among the last of a race of men who have been the guardians of the Constitution and the Union. He remarks that the sacred duties of such guardianship have descended to a new generation, and the only hope of perpetuating the Union rests in the observance of all constitutional obligations. Messrs, Taylor, of Louisiana, Pugh, of observance of all constitutional obligations.
Messrs. Taylor, of Louisiana, Pugh, of
Ohio, and Rust, of Arkansas, in behalf of the
Douglas National Executive Committee, have
issued to the Democracy of the United States
an address of explanation and counsel. They
declare, as the universal sentiment of the
supporters of Douglas and Johnson, that no omise whatever is admissible; that the have made no proposition for a joint electora ticket in any State, and they expect the reticket in any State, and they expect the rejection of such propositions indignantly
whenever and wherever made. They say,
"if we have any friends in any State, let
them call a State Convention at once, and
nominate a full electoral ticket, piedging the
exclusive support of Douglas and Johnson.
We can agree to nothing else, because to acknowledge the right of a fractious minority
to dictate their own terms of co-operation; to
suffer them to violate the solemn professions
of the Democratic party, and trample under
foot our Democratic usages, would be to disband the national organization."

Chicago, July 17.—The leading friends of

CHICAGO, July 17 .- The leading friends of Bell and Everett, from various counties in this State, held a business meeting in this city to-day, and resolved to call a convention to meet at becatur, August 16th, to nominate an electoral ticket and State officers.

Later from Pike's Peak. Sr. Joseph, July 17.—The Pike's Peak Ex-press, with Denver City advices to the 10th nat., arrived here yesterday. Considerable excitement existed in Denver

Considerable excitement existed in Benver City on account of reported rich discoveries about three miles up Cherry Creek, from Denver. About 100 claims had been staked off, and parties had gone to make claims. New gulches were being discovered on the Arkansas, which prospect nearly as well as the California gulch.

Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17 .- A fire occurred at wo o'clock, this morning, in the grocery-tore of Wm. Auld, in West Market-street and spread to the stairway, preventing the escape of the occupants of the upper rooms. Three females and one boy leaped from the second and third story windows, but only one person, Mrs. Dillon, was seriously in-Auld was arrested, the condition of the tore showing it had been set on fire.

Ogdensauro, N. Y., July 17.—Mr. Day, a aw student of this place, and Mr. Derby, of Russell, in this (St. Lawrence) County, were in the woods on a hunting expedition, yes-terday, in Russell. Becoming separated, Mr. Day shot Mr. Derby through the heart, killing him instantly, mistaking him for a

River News. Pirrsbung, July 17-M.-River thirty-two nches by the metal-mark, and falling. Weather clear and warm.

(By Telegraph.)
New York Stock Murket. NEW YORK, July 17.—Stocks lower: Hud-son, second mortgage, 190%; Gleveland and Toledo Sonds, 79. Michigan Southern Bonds, 80%; Gleveland and Toledo Shares, 35%; Erie, 23%; Hudson, 50%; Beading, 42%; Hilmols Central Scrip, 68%; Galena and Intenge, 85%; Chicago and Rock Island, 24%.

Arrival of the Benicla Boy in New York.

Arrival of the Benicla Bey in New Yerk.

John C. Heenan, the "Champion of the World," accompanied by his trainer, Jack Macdonald, arrived late on Saturday night in the steamer Vanderbill, from Southampton. The hour of his arrival being late no demonstration was made by his friends.

The steamer John A. Lockwood had been chartered by some of the "fancy" friends of the "Boy" to go down the bay and meet the Vanderbilt as she came up, and on Friday morning a large number of Heenan's friends embarked on board the steamer, taking with them a supply of eatables and drinkables, as well as a small cannon with which to fire a well as a small cannon with which to fire a welcoming salute. After remaining at sea until Saturday atternoon, the coal and pro-visions both failed, and they were forced to return to the city without accomplishing the object for which they set forth. Mr. Heenan returns in excellent health and

spirits, but does not bring with him the silver spirits, but does not bring with him the silver belt, which was so estentatiously presented to him in London some weeks since, for the reason, as stated, that it is not yet paid for. He landed at Staten Island on Saturday, He landed at Staten Island on Saturday, where he remained until yesterday morning. In company with his friends he came up to this city by ferry-boat and proceeded at once up Broadway to the Malta Saloon, corner of Broadway and Thirteenth-street. Upon the arrival of the Boy at the Malta Saloon, his friends began to pour in in crowds, and yesterday was thus apent by the "observed of all observers," in receiving and returning salutations. Last evening the Malta was crowded by the Boy's friends.

Among the "fancy" present were Ed. Price, of Boston, Harrigan, of California, Timothy Heenan, younger brother of the Boy, now living in this city, Jack Macdonald, &c. Jack seemed to surprise all who were introduced to him. He looks like any thing but the man people seem to be generally looking for. He is of medium size, of modest manners, more resembling a country farmer than the

Nor. He is of medium size, of modest manners, more resembling a country farmer than the trainer of the "World's Champion." Last evening Ed. Price introduced him to Timothy Heenau, and the two had a lengthy conversation together. On every hand Jack was greeted with cordiality. Bixby's Hotel is the Boy's present resting place.—[New York Sun, 16th.

The Germanic Diet, that we bear so much about, we take to be sour-krout, Schweizer-cheese and lager beer.

The Wamsutta Mills Company, in New Bedford, Mass., has voted to increase their capital stock to \$400,000.

MARRIED. HAGERTY - MERRILL. -On the evening of July by the Rev. J. J. White, Mr. James H. Hagerty Miss M. Funnie Merrill, all of this city. HOUSTON-BLADGETT. In Covington, on Sun day evolung, July 15, by the Ray Robert Hiner, Mr John B. Houston, son of our old friend, Paul Hous-ton, to Miss Annie E. Bladgett, both of this city.

DIED

Wedding and Visiting Cards, Engraved and Printed, Scals and Presses; De La Rus Stationery and Envelopes SHIPLEY & SMITH, (Successors to H. H. Chineses

MELANCHOLY SUICIDE.—John E. Jones, a young man from Charlotteeville, Virginia, who had been teaching school in Memphis, Tennessee, blew out his brains on Saturday, the latter city, without any apparen

A certain man who was bung for murder gave as his last words the following epitaph for his grave-stone: I came into the world with no understanding, I went out the same way!

HOME INTEREST.

Clothes renovated and repaired, 120 W. Sixth clothing renovated and repaired, 59 E. Third SE CARPANTER's cheap Pictures, 20 Pifth-street.

Prorougs for ten cents. Johnson's Gallery, A. A. Everna, Clocks, Watches and Jewelry

FF Examine the Photographs at APPLEGATE's corner Fifth and Main. Mark the place. je9-tf BE GALLERY CROWDED,-J. P. BALL'A Gallery, No. 30 West Fourth-street, is daily crowded by the in search of good Likenesses. Call in.

Medal, containing melainotype likenesses of Lin-coin and Hamlin, and other candidates for the Pres-idential chair, just received and for sale by J. L. DRAKE & Co., 11 West Fourth-st. Agents wanted. ser If you want a good Picture, call at the south

west corner of Sixth-street and Central-avenue. Pictures taken and put in nice glit frames for twenty-five cents; in cases for twenty cents. Bring on the bables—you are sure to get a good likeness. BE JOHN D. PARK, Wholesale and Retail Deale

Druggists' Articles, Importer of Fancy Goods, Combs, Brushes, Purses, Porte-monnaies, Sacs, Perfumery, Soars, Dressing-cases, Work-boxes, Deaks, Fam Card-cases, Garters, Pins, Cigar-cases, Meerschaum Pipes and Smokers, Pocket Cutler, Coral, Amber and Fancy Beads,

Hand Mirrors and Fancy Goods. - JOHN D. PARK, North-east corner of Fourth and Walnut-sts [jy4-dwW&F]

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

SARSFIELD MONUMENT.-PUR-BUAST to a resolution passed at a me-ne friends of Sarsfield, on Monday evenin instant, the following gentlemen are a to collect funds in aid of this patriotic of and only those named are authorized to a mangan Maj J. W. Burke, Pat'k Sullivar h Ward-Maj J. W. Burke, Pat'k Sullivar Ward-E. K. ceshan, Wm. Cashen, J. Feary Ward-E. R. Quinn, H. Kelly, T. Drum. th Ward-Chas. Conshan, John Saughton. h Ward-Capt. J. & Dowd, J. O. Relly. S Ward-Patrick O'Douchue.

The next meeting will be held at Hannan's Hall on MONDAY EVENING, July 23, when the above committee will report. All citizens are invited to Committees for the townships of this county will be published soon.

R. M. MOURE, Pres't.

NOTICE.—INTENDING TO RE
MOVE from the city in a short time
would request all persons having goods at my stor
to call and remove them. WE BEG TO INFORM OUR friends that we shall resume business at the old stand as soon as we can repair damages when we shall be happy to supply all with an inimitable hat.

J. O. TOWERS & CO.

No. 149 Main-street.

IT NEVEE PAILS.—BANVILLE,

Let a be a substitute of the substitute

Manufacturer and Importer of Perfume No. 36 West Fourth-str

KENNEDY'S MEDICAL DISCOVERI is acknowledged by the most emission physicians, and by the most careful druggists throughout the United States, to be the most effectual blood-purifier ever known, and to have relieved more suffering, and effected more permanent cures, than any preparation known to the profession. Scrotnia, Sait Rheum, Eryspielas, Scald-head, Scaly Fruptions of whatsoever nature, are cured by a few bottles and the system restored to full strength and vigor. Full and explicit directions for the cure of ulcerated sore legs and other corrupt and running ulcers, is given in the pamphlet with each bottle. For saie by JOHN D. PARK, SUIRE, ECRETEIN & CO., and GEORGE M. DIKON. Price \$1. septs-ay

Read, all who wish to get Rich I

STRUCTIONS how to make a fortune in a few months, will be sent to any and all persons, a receipt of their correct address and 26 cents in per age stamps. Address J. P. DE LYSUE, Agent, jel5-tf Box 1,244, Cincinnati, Ohio.

\$55. 2 LADD, WEBSTER & CO.'S Sewing Machines! NEW STYLE JUST ISSUED AT **\$55.** BE Call and see them at 80 West Fourth-st.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

BRILLER'S MAGIC MATERIES. AT 2 P. M. SECOND SIGHT. Wood's Theater

CHEAP SALE DRY GOODS

M. REGAN,

NO. 90 WEST FIFTH-STREET.

INVITES SPECIAL ATTENTION TO his stock of Summer Dress Goods, consisting of reach and English Barege Robes, Jaconet and organdic Lawns, Plain and Figured Bareges, Fancy Bilks, etc. An elegant assortment of Black Lace Mantles, Lace Points, Black Silk Dusters, White and Colored Barege Dusters, Parasols, Hosierz, Lace Mits, Embroideries, and a general assortment of White Goods, all of which will be offered for the next afteen days at

Sixty Cents on the Dollar. M. REGAN

90 FIFTH-STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

## **DELAND & GOSSAGE** 74 & 76

West Fourth-st.

#### Are now offering their splendid stock of SUMMER DRESS GOODS

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Before Peter Bell, J. P. of Oincinnati Township Hamilton County, Ohio. On THE 24TH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1800, said Justice issued an order of attachment in the above action for the sum of sighty four dollars.

Cincinnati, July 10, 1860.

P. A. THOM PON.

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